## Shri Agrasen Kanya P.G. College Varanasi

(An Autonomous College)



Syllabus of the Subject

# Chemistry

For First Three Years of Under-Graduate (UG) Programme

As per guidelines of Common Minimum Syllabus prepared by Department of Higher Education, Uttar Pradesh Government according to the National Education Policy- 2020 (NEP-2020).

w.e.f. the Session 2021-2022)

1

Semester-1, Paper-1 (Theory)

Programme/Class: Certificate in Year: Firs Bioorganic and Medicinal Chemistry	f Semester: First
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Paper-1 Theory Subject: Chemistry

Course Code:B020101T

Course Title: Fundamentals of Chemistry

#### Course outcomes:

There is nothing more fundamental to chemistry than the chemical bond. Chemical bonding is the language of logic for chemists. Chemical bonding enables scientists to take the 100-plus elements of the periodic table and combine them in myriad ways to form chemical compounds and materials. Periodic trends, arising from the arrangement of the periodic table, provide chemists with an invaluable tool to quickly predict an element's properties. These trends exist because of the similar atomic structure of the elements within their respective group families or periods, and because of the periodic nature of the elements. Reaction mechanism gives the fundamental knowledge of carrying out an organic reaction in a step-by-step manner. This course will provide a broad foundation in chemistry that stresses scientific reasoning and analytical problem solving with a molecular perspective. Students will gain an understanding of

- · Molecular geometries, physical and chemical properties of the molecules.
- Current bonding models for simple inorganic and organic molecules in order to predict structures and important bonding parameters.
- The chapter Recapitulation of basics of organic chemistry gives the most primary and utmost important knowledge and concepts of organic Chemistry.
- This course gives a broader theoretical picture in multiple stages in an overall chemical reaction. It describes reactive
  intermediates, transition states and states of all the bonds broken and formed. It enables to understand the reactants,
  catalyst, steriochemistry and major and minor products of any organic reaction.
- It describes the types of reactions and the Kinetic and thermodynamic aspects one should know for carrying out any
  reaction and the ways how the reaction mechanism can be determined.
- The chapters Steriochemistry gives the clear picture of two-dimensional and three-dimensional structure of the molecules, and their role in reaction mechanism.

Credits: 4  Max. Marks: 25+75		Compulsory  Min. Passing Marks:	
Unit	Topics		No. of Lectures
I	Introduction to Indian ancient Chemistry and contribution holistic development of modern science and techno Evaluation (C	logy, should be included under Continues	10

	Molecular polarity and Weak Chemical Forces: Resonance and resonance energy, formal charge, Van der Waals forces, ion-dipole forces, dipole dipole interactions, induced dipole interaction, dipole moment and molecular Structure (Diatomic and polyatomic molecules), Percentage ionic character from dipole moment, polarizing power and polarizability. Fajan's rules and consequences of polarization. Hydrogen bonding, van der Waals forces, ion-dipole forces, dipole-dipole interactions, induced dipole interaction.	
п	Simple Bonding theories of Molecules  Atomic orbitals, Aufbau principle, multiple bonding (σ and π bond approach) and bond lengths, the valence bond theory (VBT), Concept of hybridization, hybrid orbitals and molecular geometry, Bent's rule, Valence shell electron pair repulsion theory (VSEPR), shapes of the following simple molecules and ions containing lone pairs and bond pairs of electrons: H <sub>2</sub> O, NH <sub>3</sub> , PCl <sub>5</sub> , SF <sub>6</sub> , SF <sub>4</sub> ClF <sub>3</sub> , I <sub>3</sub> , and H <sub>3</sub> O <sup>+</sup> . Molecular orbital theory (MOT). Molecular orbital diagrams bond orders of homonuclear and heteronuclear diatomic molecules and ions (N <sub>2</sub> , O <sub>2</sub> , C <sub>2</sub> , B <sub>2</sub> , F <sub>2</sub> , CO, NO, and their ions)	10
ш	Periodic properties of Atoms (with reference to s & p-block):  Brief discussion, factors affecting and variation trends of following properties in groups and periods.  Effective nuclear charge, shielding or screening effect, Slater rules, Atomic and ionic radii,  Electronegativity, Pauling's/ Allred Rochow's scales, Ionization enthalpy, Electron gain enthalpy.	05
IV	Recapitulation of basics of Organic Chemistry: Hybridization, bond lengths and bond angles, bond energy, localized and delocalized chemical bonding, Van der Waals interactions, inclusion compounds, Clatherates, Charge transfer complexes, hyperconjugation, Dipole moment; Electronic Displacements: Inductive, electromeric, resonance mesomeric effects and their applications	05
v	Mechanism of Organic Reactions: Curved arrow notation, drawing electron movements with allows, half-headed and double-headed arrows, homolytic and heterolytic bond fission, Types of reagents – electrophiles and nucleophiles, Types of organic reactions, Energy considerations. Reactive intermediates – Carbocations, carbanions, free radicals, carbenes, arynes and nitrenes (with examples).	10
VI	Stereochemistry (To be taught with demonstration of Molecular models in the classroom teaching)- Concept of isomerism, Types of isomerism; Optical isomerism – elements of symmetry, molecular chirality, enantiomers, stereogenic center, optical activity, properties of enantiomers, chiral and achiral molecules with two stereogenic centers, disasteromers, threo and erythro diastereomers, meso compounds, resolution of enantionmer, inversion, retention and recemization. Relative and absolute configuration, sequence rules, D & L and R & S systems of nomenclature. Geometric isomerism – determination of configuration of geometric isomers, E & Z system of nomenclature, geometric isomerism in oximes and alicyclic compounds. Conformational isomerism – conformational analysis of ethane and n-butane; conformations of cyclohexane, axial	10

	and equatorial bonds, conformation of mono substituted cyclohexane derivatives, Newman projection and Sawhorse formulae. Fischer and flying wedge formulae, Difference between configuration and conformation.	
VII	Basic Computer system (in brief)-Hardware and Software; Input devices, Storage devices, Output devices, Central Processing Unit (Control Unit and Arithmetic Logic Unit); Number system (Binary, Octal and Hexadecimal Operating System); Computer Codes (BCD and ASCII); Numeric/String constants and variables. Operating Systems (DOS, WINDOWS, and Linux); Introduction of Software languages: Low level and High Level languages (Machine language, Assembly language; QBASIC, FORTRAN) Software Products (Office, chemsketch, scilab, matlab, hyperchem, etc.), internet application.	05
VIII	Mathematical Concepts for Chemistry  Logarithmic relations, curve sketching, linear graphs and calculation of slopes, differentiation of functions like Kx, ex, Xn, sin x, log x; maxima and minima, partial differentiation and reciprocity relations, Integration of some useful/relevant functions; permutations and combinations, Factorials, Probability	05

- 1. Lee, J.D. Concise Inorganic Chemistry, Pearson Education 2010
- 2. Huheey, J.E., Keiter, E.A., Keiter, R. L., Medhi, O.K. Inorganic Chemistry, Principles of Structure and Reactivity, Pearson Education 2006.
- 3. Douglas, B.E. and Mc Daniel, D.H., Concepts & Models of Inorganic Chemistry, Oxford, 1970
- 4. Shriver, D.D. & P. Atkins, Inorganic Chemistry 2nd Ed., Oxford University Press, 1994.
- 5. Day, M.C. and Selbin, J. Theoretical Inorganic Chemistry, ACS Publications 1962.
- 6. Singh J., Yadav L.D.S., Advanced Organic Chemistry, Pragati Edition
- 7. Morrison, R. N. & Boyd, R. N. Organic Chemistry, Dorling Kindersley (India) Pvt. Ltd. (Pearson Education).
- 8. Carey, F. A., Guiliano, R. M. Organic Chemistry, Eighth edition, McGraw Hill Education, 2012.
- 9. Loudon, G. M. Organic Chemistry, Fourth edition, Oxford University Press, 2008.
- 10. Clayden, J., Greeves, N. &Warren, S. Organic Chemistry, 2 edition, Oxford University Press, 2012.
- 11. Graham Solomons, T.W., Fryhle, C. B. Organic Chemistry, John Wiley & Sons, Inc.
- 12. Sykes, P. A guidebook to Mechanism in Organic Chemistry, Pearson Education, 2003
- 13. Francis, P. G. Mathematics for Chemists, Springer, 1984
- 14. Mukeherji, Singh, Kapoor, Organic Chemistry, Vol 1, New Age International 2014
- 15. R.L.Madan, CHEMSITRY FOR DEGREE STUDENTS AS PER CBCS SEM 1, S Chand
- 16. Sonia Ratnani , Shriniwas Gurjar | Sheetal Budhirajana, Chemistry (Inorganic & Organic) Volume-1, Manakin press
- 17. TN SRIVASTVA AND PC KAMPOJ, SYSTEMATIC NALYTICAL CHEMISTRY, SHOBAN LAL NAGIN CHAND

Note: For the promotion of Hindi language, course books published in Hindi may be prescribed by the University Suggested online links:

http://heecontent.upsdc.gov.in/Home.aspx

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/104/106/104106096/

http://heecontent.upsdc.gov.in/Home.aspx

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/104/106/104106096/

https://www2.chemistry.msu.edu/faculty/reusch/VirtTxtJml/intro1.htm

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/104/103/104103071/#

This course is compulsory for the students of following subjects: Chemistry in 12th Class

	oral presentations, among others . Or
Assessment and presentation of Assignment	(10 marks)
04 tests (Objective): Max marks of each test = 10 (average of all 04 tests)	(10 marks)
Overall performance throughout the semester, Discipline, participation in different activities)	(05 marks)
Course prerequisites: To study this course, a student mus	t have had the chemistry in class 12 <sup>th</sup>
Comos providence	

Semester-I, Paper-2 (Practical)

Course Title: Quantitative Analysis

Practical paper-2  Course Code: B020102P	Course Title: Quantitative Analysis	Subject: Chemistry
Programme: Certificate in Bioorganic and Medicinal Chemistry	Year: First	Semester: I

#### Course outcomes:

Upon completion of this course the students will have the knowledge and skills to: understand the laboratory methods and tests related to estimation of metals ions and estimation of acids and alkali contents in commercial products. • Potability tests of water samples.

- · Estimation of metal ions in samples
- · Estimation of alkali and acid contents in samples
- · Estimation of inorganic salts and hydrated water in samples

Credits: 2	Elective
Max. Marks: 25+75 = 100	Min. Passing Marks:

#### Practical 60 h

Unit	Topics	No of Lectures
1	Water Quality analysis 1. Estimation of hardness of water by EDTA.	16
	Determination of chemical oxygen demand (COD).	
	3. Determination of Biological oxygen demand (BOD).	
11	Estimation of Metals ions  1. Estimation of ferrous and ferric by dichromate method.  2. Estimation of copper using thiosulphate.	14
11	Estimation of acids and alkali contents  1. Determination of acetic acid in commercial vinegar using NaOH. 2.  Determination of alkali content – antacid tablet using HCl.  3. Estimation of oxalic acid by titrating it with KMnO4.	14
IV	Estimation of inorganic salts and hydrated water  1. Estimation of sodium carbonate and sodium hydrogen carbonate present in a mixture.  2. Estimation of calcium content in chalk as calcium oxalate by permanganometry.  3. Estimation of water of crystallization in Mohr's salt by titrating with KMnO4.	16

15	
Chemical Analysis, 9th Ed. New York, W Chemistry. New Age International Publis Instrumental Analysis, Cenange Learning	ysis. 6th Ed., Freeman (2007) Chapters 3-5. 3. Harris, D.C. Exploring '.H. Freeman, 2016. 4. Khopkar, S.M. Basic Concepts of Analytical sher, 2009. 5. Skoog, D.A. Holler F.J. and Nieman, T.A. Principles of g India Edition course books published in Hindi may be prescribed by the
This course can be opted as an elective by the	ne students of following subjects: Chemistry in 12th Class
Suggested Continuous Evaluation Methods:	
Viva voce	(10 marks)
Mock test	(10 marks)
Overall performance	(05marks)

Course prerequisites: To study this course, a student must have had the chemistry in 12th Class

Suggested equivalent online courses:

Further Suggestions:

Semester-II Paper-1

	Course Ti	tle: Bioorgan	ic and Materials Chemis	try	- Contract
	Programme: Certificate in Bioorganic and Medicinal Chemistry		Year: 1		Semester: 1
Paper-	1			Elective Subject: Che	mistry
	Course Code: B020201T	Course Titl	e: Bioorganic and Medic	inal Chemistry	
that re-	e outcomes: Biomolecules are impor- ant biochemical reactions in living org- gulates the proper growth and develo- mental understanding of carbohydrates arse students may get job opportunities	anisms. When sopment of a hi , amino acids,	studying biomolecules, one caman body. This course air proteins, nucleic acids and n	can understand the physiologus to introduce the studer nedicinal chemistry. Upon	ogical function of with basic
	Credits: 4			Elective	
	Max. Marks: 25+75		Min	. Passing Marks:	
		Т	otal No. of Lectures = 60	15	
Unit	Topics				No. of Lectures
Ī	Chemistry of Carbohydrates: C General Properties of Glucose and anomers. Mechanism of mutarotation structure of glucose. Haworth proj (ascending and descending of suga Ekenstein rearrangement; stepping— methods) of aldoses; end-group interchange of aldoses Linkage betwee lactose.)	I Fructose, the n Determination jections. Cyclic ar series, conv ap (Kiliani Fis	eir open chain structure. En of configuration of Glucose structure of fructose. Intersion of aldoses to ketose scher method) and stepping	pimers, mutarotation and e (Fischer's proof). Cyclic er conversions of sugars es). Lobry de Bruyn-van e-down (Ruff's &Wohl's	10
п	Chemistry of Proteins: Classifica Overview of primary, secondary, ter structure of peptides, determination terminal amino acid (by thiohydanto) (upto dipeptides) by N-protection & denaturation/renaturation Mechanism of enzyme action, factors biological reactions).	tiary and quate of N-terminal in and with car . C-activating g	rnary structure of proteins. I amino acid (by DNFB and boxypeptidase enzyme). Syn groups and Merrifield solid	Determination of primary Edman method) and C- othesis of simple peptides phase synthesis. Protein	10
Ш	Chemistry of Nucleic Acids: Cons (Structure only), Nucleosid		leic acids: Adenine, guanine, ides (nomenclature), Synthe		05

Suggested	Dond	
Congresien	Read	11198:

- 1. Davis, B. G., Fairbaaks, A. J., Carbohydrate Chemistry, Oxford Chemistry Primer, Oxford University Press.
- 2. Finar, I. L. Organic Chemistry (Volume 2), Dorling Kindersley (India) Pvt. Ltd.(Pearson Education).
- 3. Nelson, D. L. & Cox, M. M. Lehninger's Principles of Biochemistry 7th Ed., W. H. Freeman.
- 4. Berg, J. M., Tymoczko, J. L. & Stryer, L. Biochemistry 7th Ed., W. H. Freeman.
- 5. Morrison, R. T. & Boyd, R. N. Organic Chemistry, Dorling Kindersley (India) Pvt. Ltd. (Pearson Education).
- 6. Patrick, G. L. Introduction to Medicinal Chemistry, Oxford University Press, UK, 2013.
- 7. Singh, H. & Kapoor, V.K. Medicinal and Pharmaceutical Chemistry, Vallabh Prakashan, Pitampura, New Delhi, 2012.
- Atkins, P. W. & Paula, J. de Atkin's Physical Chemistry Ed., Oxford University Press 13 (2006).
- 9. Ball, D. W. Physical Chemistry Thomson Press, India (2007).
- 10. Castellan, G. W. Physical Chemistry 4th Ed. Narosa (2004).
- R.B. Seymour & C.E. Carraher: Polymer Chemistry: An Introduction, Marcel Dekker, Inc. New York, 1981.
- 12. G. Odian: Principles of Polymerization, 4\*Ed. Wiley, 2004.
- 13. F.W. Billmeyer: Textbook of Polymer Science, 2nd Ed. Wiley Interscience, 1971.
- 14. P. Ghosh: Polymer Science & Technology, Tata McGraw-Hill Education, 1991
- 15. Mukherji, Singh, Kapoor, Organic Chemistry, Vol 3, New Age International
- 16. B.K.Sharma, Polymer Chemistry, Krishna Publications
- 17.J L Jain , Sunjay Jain & Nitin Jain, Fundamentals of Biochemistry, S. Chand Publishing
- 18. TN SRIVASTVA AND PC KAMPOJ, SYSTEMATIC NALYTICAL CHEMISTRY, SHOBAN LAL NAGIN CHAND

Note: For the promotion of Hindi language, course books published in Hindi may be prescribed by the University Suggested online links:

http://heecontent.upsdc.gov.in/Home.aspx

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/104/105/104105124/

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/103/106/105106204/

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/104/105/104105034/

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/104/103/104103121/

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/104/102/104102016/

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/104/106/104106106/

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/104/105/104105120/

This course can be opted as an elective by the students of following subjects: Chemistry in 12th Class

Suggested Continuous Evaluation Methods:	
Assessment and presentation of Assignment	(10 marks)
04 Unit tests (Objective): Max marks of each unit test = 10 (average of all 04 unit tests)	(10 marks)
Overall performance throughout the semester (Discipline, participation in different activities)	(05 marks)
Course prerequisites: To study this course, a student mus	st have Passed Sem-I, Theory paper-1
Suggested equivalent online courses:	
Further Suggestions:	

	acids, Structure of polynucleotides; Structure of DNA (Watson-Crick model) and RNA (types of RNA), Genetic Code, Biological roles of DNA and RNA: Replication, Transcription and Translation	
IV	Introductory Medicinal Chemistry: Drug discovery, design and development; Basic Retrosynthetic approach. Drug action-receptor theory. Structure –activity relationships of drug molecules, binding role of –OH group, NH2 group, double bond and aromatic ring. Mechanism of action of the representative drugs of the following classes: analgesics agents, antipyretic agents, anti-inflammatory agents (Aspirin, paracetamol); antibiotics (Chloramphenicol); antibacterial and antifungal agents (Sulphonamides; Sulphanethoxazol, Sulphacetamide); antiviral agents (Acyclovir), Central Nervous System agents (Phenobarbital, Diazepam), Cardiovascular (Glyceryl trinitrate), HIV-AIDS related drugs (AZT-Zidovudine	10
v	Solid State  Definition of space lattice, unit cell. Laws of crystallography – (i) Law of constancy of interfacial angles,  (ii) Law of rationality of indices and iii) Symmetry elements in crystals and law of symmetry .X-ray diffraction by crystals. Derivation of Bragg equation. Determination of crystal structure of NaCl, KCl and CsCl (powder method).	05
VI	Introduction to Polymer  Monomers, Oligomers, Polymers and their characteristics, Classification of polymers: Natural synthetic, linear, cross linked and network; plastics, elastomers, fibres, Homopolymers and Co-polymers, Bonding in polymers: Primary and secondary bond forces in polymers; cohesive energy, and decomposition of polymers. Determination of Molecular mass of polymers: Number Average molecular mass (Mn) and Weight average molecular mass (Mw) of polymers and determination by (i) Viscosity (ii) Light scattering method (iii) Gel permeation chromatography (iv) Osmometry and Ultracentrifuging.  Silicones and Phosphazenes –Silicones and phosphazenes as examples of inorganic polymers, nature of bonding in triphosphazenes.	10
VII	Kinetics and Mechanism of Polymerization  Polymerization techniques, Mechanism and kinetics of copolymerization, Addition or chain growth polymerization, Free radical vinyl polymerization, ionic vinyl polymerization, Ziegler Natta polymerization and vinyl polymers, Condensation or step growth-polymerization, Polyesters, polyamides, phenol formaldehyde resins, urea formaldehyde resins, epoxy resins and polyurethanes.	05
VIII	Synthetic Dyes: Colour and constitution (electronic Concept), Classification of dyes, Chemistry and synthesis of Methyl orange, Congo red, Malachite green, crystal violet, phenolphthalein, fluorescein, Alizarin and Indigo.	05

	acids, Structure of polynucleotides; Structure of DNA (Watson-Crick model) and RNA (types of RNA), Genetic Code, Biological roles of DNA and RNA: Replication, Transcription and Translation	
v	Introductory Medicinal Chemistry: Drug discovery, design and development; Basic Retrosynthetic approach. Drug action-receptor theory. Structure –activity relationships of drug molecules, binding role of –OH group,-NH2 group, double bond and aromatic ring. Mechanism of action of the representative drugs of the following classes: analgesics agents, antipyretic agents, anti-inflammatory agents (Aspirin, paracetamol); antibiotics (Chloramphenicol); antibacterial and antifungal agents (Sulphonamides; Sulphanethoxazol, Sulphacetamide); antiviral agents (Acyclovir), Central Nervous System agents (Phenobarbital, Diazepam), Cardiovascular (Glyceryl trinitrate), HIV-AIDS related drugs (AZT-Zidovudine	10
v	Solid State  Definition of space lattice, unit cell. Laws of crystallography – (i) Law of constancy of interfacial angles,  (ii) Law of rationality of indices and iii) Symmetry elements in crystals and law of symmetry .X-ray diffraction by crystals. Derivation of Bragg equation. Determination of crystal structure of NaCl, KCl and CsCl (powder method).	05
VI	Introduction to Polymer  Monomers, Oligomers, Polymers and their characteristics, Classification of polymers: Natural synthetic, linear, cross linked and network; plastics, elastomers, fibres, Homopolymers and Co-polymers, Bonding in polymers: Primary and secondary bond forces in polymers; cohesive energy, and decomposition of polymers. Determination of Molecular mass of polymers: Number Average molecular mass (Mn) and Weight average molecular mass (Mw) of polymers and determination by (i) Viscosity (ii) Light scattering method (iii) Gel permeation chromatography (iv) Osmometry and Ultracentrifuging.  Silicones and Phosphazenes –Silicones and phosphazenes as examples of inorganic polymers, nature of bonding in triphosphazenes.	10
VII	Kinetics and Mechanism of Polymerization  Polymerization techniques, Mechanism and kinetics of copolymerization, Addition or chain growth polymerization, Free radical vinyl polymerization, ionic vinyl polymerization, Ziegler Natta polymerization and vinyl polymers, Condensation or step growth-polymerization, Polyesters, polyamides, phenol formaldehyde resins, urea formaldehyde resins, epoxy resins and polyurethanes.	05
VII	Synthetic Dyes: Colour and constitution (electronic Concept), Classification of dyes, Chemistry and synthesis of Methyl orange, Congo red, Malachite green, crystal violet, phenolphthalein, fluorescein, Alizarin and Indigo.	05

- Furniss, B.S.; Hannaford, A.J.; Smith, P.W.G.; Tatchell, A.R. Practical Organic Chemistry, 5th Ed., Pearson (2012).
- 2. Mann, F.G. & Saunders, B.C. Practical Organic Chemistry, Pearson Education.
- 3. Vogel's Qualitative Inorganic Analysis, Revised by G. Svehla.
- 4. Vogel, A.I. A Textbook of Quantitative Analysis, ELBS. 1986
- Furniss, B.S.; Hannaford, A.J.; Rogers, V.; Smith, P.W.G.; Tatchell, A.R. Vogel's Textbook of Practical Organic Chemistry, ELBS.
- 6. Ahluwalia, V.K. & Aggarwal, R. Comprehensive Practical Organic Chemistry, Universities Pres 7. Cooper, T.G. Tool of Biochemistry, Wiley-Blackwell (1977).
- S. Wilson, K. & Walker, J. Practical Biochemistry. Cambridge University Press (2009). 9. Varley, H., Gowenlock, A.H & Bell, M.: Practical Clinical Biochemistry, Heinemann, Note: For the promotion of Hindi language, course books published in Hindi may be prescribed by the University Suggestive digital platforms web links
  - 1. https://www.labster.com/chemistry-virtual-labs/
  - 2. https://www.vlab.co.in/broad-area-chemical-sciences
  - 3. http://chemcollective.org/vlabs

This course can be opted as an elective by the students of following subjects: Chemistry in 12th Class

Viva voce	(10 marks)	
Mock test	(10 marks)	
Overall performance	(05marks)	
ourse prerequisites: To study this cour	se, a student must have Opted Sem-II, Theory Paper-1.	
ggested equivalent online courses:	se, a student must have Opted Sem-II, Theory Paper-1.	
	se, a student must have Opted Sem-II, Theory Paper-1.	

Semester-II , Paper-2 (Practical)

			ochemical Analysis Semester: II	
in Bi	nme: Certificate ioorganic and inal Chemistry	Year: 1	Schester, II	
		S	Subject: Chemistry	
Course (	Code: B020202P	Course Title: Biocl	nemical Analysis	
		asic qualitative and of acids, nucleic acids dr od, beverage and pharm	quantitative experimental knowledge of biomoleculus molecules. Upon successful completion of this conaceutical industries.	ules such a ourse student
	Credits: 2		Elective	
	Max, Marks: 25+	75 = 100	Min. Passing Marks:	
		Prac	tical 60-h	
Unit			Topics	No of Lectures
1	Separation     Application     such as Ly     Differenti     Synthesis	of a mixture of two on of TLC and PC for ycopene from Tomato ate between a reducir of Osazones.	s of Carbohydrates: . sugars by ascending paper chromatography the identification of natural coloring materials and Chlorophyll from Spinach ng/ non reducing sugar	15
п	3. TLC separate Action of sales. To determine	tion of protein by the ration of a mixture co- matographic separati	on of a mixture containing 2/3 amino acids 5.  of glycine solution by formylation method.  a value of an oil/fat.	20
ш	1 Determina	and identification of ation of nucleic acids n of DNA from onion		12
IV	1 To synthesiz	of an aspirin tablet by barbituric acid	on of saffcyfic acid and compare it with the	13

Semester III, Paper-1 (Theory)

D	Course Title: Ch	nemical Dynamics & Coo	ordination Chemistry	
	rogramme: Diploma in Chemical Dynamics and Analytical Techniques	Year: Two	Semester: III	
			Paper-1 Theory Subject: Chemist	ry
Cor	urse Code:B020301T	Course Title: Chem	nical Dynamics & Coordination Che	emistry
gases, polari compl	, laws of crystallography, liquid metry and spectrophotometer tec	state and liquid crystals, chaique to study Chemic be able to understand me	tudents should be able to describe the charoperties of each state of matter, kinetic conductometric, potentiometric, optical al kinetics and chemical equilibrium.	theory of methods
	Credits: 4		Elective	
	Max. Marks: 25+75		Min. Passing Marks:	
		Total No. of Lectures	= 60	
Unit		Topics		No. of Lectur
I	order, second order, pseudo order, second order, pseudo order, differential method, method of Theories of chemical kinetics concept of activation energy. Si	tical characteristic of simp der, half-life and mean life of integration, half-life met s: Effect of temperature of imple collision theory base ). Expression for the rate	and order of reaction, concentration ole chemical reactions – zero order, first e. Determination of the order of reaction hod and isolation method.  on rate of reaction, Arrhenius equation, ed on hard sphere model, transition state constant based on equilibrium constant	10
11	Chemical Equilibrium: Equili law of mass action. Le-Chatelier Clausius equation and its applica	r's principle, reaction isoth	nergy, thermodynamic derivation of erm and reaction isochore – Clapeyron	5
III	Phase Equilibrium: Statement freedom, derivation of Gibbs pha and systems. Phase equilibria of eutectic – Bi-Cd, Pb Ag systems.	ise rule, phase equilibria o	f one component system—water CO2	05

Year	Sem.	Course Code	Paper Title	Theory/Practical	Credits
Dipl	oma in (	Chemical Dynan	nics and Analytical Techniqu	es	
2	m	B020301T	Chemical Dynamics & Coordination Chemistry	Theory	4
		B020302P	Physical Analysis	Practical	2
	IV	B020401T	Quantum Mechanics and Analytical Techniques	Theory	4
		B020402P	Instrumental Analysis	Practical	2

	values, orbital contribution to magnetic moments, ap	polication of magnetic moment data for 3d-
	metal complexes,	, was a straightful montent and for 5g
Suggested	Readings:	
en Cust	l, D. W. Physical Chemistry Thomson Press, India (20 ellan, G. W. Physical Chemistry 4th Ed. Narosa (2004	Y .
5. Lee,	on,F.A, Wilkinson,G and Gaus,P. L.,Basic Inorganic (J.D, Concise Inorganic Chemistry 4th Edition ELBS,19 glas,B, McDaniel,D and Alexander,J,Concepts of Mel edition, 1994	Chemistry,3 <sup>rd</sup> Edition ,Wiley 1995
7. Shri	ver,D.E Atkins,P.W and Langford,C.H , Inorganic Cherfield ,W.W. Inorganic Chemistry ,Addison Wesley	Parado Compositor de Composito
9. Shar 10. Mic	pe,A.G, Inorganic Chemistry, ELBS,3 <sup>RD</sup> edition, 199	3 B
12. R C	Jopalan & V Ramalingam, Concise Coordination Cha	
CHAN	D	ALYTICAL CHEMISTRY, SHOBAN LAL NAGIN
	he promotion of Hindi language, course books published Suggestive digital platforms web links	ned in Hindi may be prescribed by the
Suggestive	digital platforms web links: ps://swayam.gov.in/	
12. http	os://www.coursera.org/learn/physical-chemistry	
13. http	s://www.mooc-list.com/tags/physical-chemistry	
14. http	os://www.openlearning.com/courses/introduction-to-p	hysical-chemistry/
16. http	s://www.my-mooc.com/en/categorie/chemistry s://onlinecourses.swayam2.ac.in/nce19_sc15/preview	
17. http	os://swayam.gov.in/	
18. http	os://www.coursera.org/browse/physical-science-an	d-engineering/chemistry
	se can be opted as an elective by the students of fo	
mid-term	Continuous Evaluation Methods: Students can be exam, together with the performance of other act tests, home assignments, group discussions or other actions.	tivities which can include short assess :1
38	nt and presentation of Assignment	(10 marks)
04 Unit te: (average o	sts (Objective): Max marks of each unit test = 10 f all 04 unit tests)	(10 marks)
	rformance throughout the semester ( Discipline, on in different activities)	(05 marks)
Course pr Class 12th	erequisites: To study this course, a student must	have had the chemistry in class 12th, Physics in
Suggested	equivalent online courses:	
Further S	uggestions:	
••••••		

	Kinetic theories of gases  Gaseous State: Postulates of kinetic theory of gases, deviation from ideal behavior, van der  Waals equation of state.  Critical phenomena: PV isotherms of real gases, continuity of states, the isotherms of Van der  Waals equation, relationship between critical constants and Van der Waals constants, the law of  corresponding states, reduced equation of state.  Molecular Velocities: Qualitative discussion of the Maxwell's distribution of molecular  velocities, collision number, mean free path and collision diameter.	0
v	Liquid State Liquid State: Intermolecular forces, structure of liquids (a qualitative description). Structural Liquid State: Intermolecular forces, structure of liquids (a qualitative description). Structural differences between solids, liquids and gases. Liquid crystals: Difference between liquid crystal, solid and liquid. Classification, structure of nematic and cholesterol phases. Liquids in solids (gels): Classification, preparation and properties, inhibition, general application	5
VI	Coordination Chemistry  Werner's theory of coordination complexes, classification of ligands, ambidentate ligands, chelates, coordination numbers, IUPAC nomenclature of coordination complexes (up to two metal centers), Isomerism in coordination compounds, constitutional and stereo isomerism, geometrical and optical isomerism in square planar and octahedral complexes.	5
VII	Theories of Coordination Chemistry  I Metal- ligand bonding in transition metal complexes, limitations of valance bond theory, an elementary idea of crystal field theory, crystal field splitting in octahedral, tetrahedral and square planner complexes, John teller effect, factors affecting the crystal-field parameters.  II. Thermodynamic and kinetic aspects of metal complexes: A brief outline of thermodynamic stability of metal complexes, concept of hard and soft acids and bases and factors affecting the stability, stability constants of complexes and their determination, substitution reactions of square planar complexes	10
VIII	<ul> <li>Inorganic Spectroscopy and Magnetism</li> <li>I)Electronic spectra of Transition Metal Complexes</li> <li>Types of electronic transitions, selection rules for d-d transitions, spectroscopic ground states, spectrochemical series, Orgel-energy level diagram for d1 and d9 states, discussion of the electronic spectrum of [Ti(H<sub>2</sub>O)<sub>6</sub>]<sup>3+</sup> complex ion.</li> <li>II)Magnetic properties of transition metal complexes, types of magnetic behaviour, methods of determining magnetic susceptibility, spin-only formula, L-S coupling, correlation of μ s and μ eff</li> </ul>	

- 1. To study the effect of a solute (e.g. NaCl, succinic acid) on the critical solution temperature of two partially miscible liquids (e.g. phenolwater system) and to determine the concentration of that solute in the given phenol-water system
- 2. To construct the phase diagram of two component (e.g. diphenylamine benzophenone) system by cooling curve method.

- 1. Skoog .D.A., West.D.M and Holler .F.J., "Analytical Chemistry: An Introduction", 7th edition, Saunders college publishing, Philadelphia, (2010).
- 2. Larry Hargis. G" Analytical Chemistry: Principles and Techniques" Pearson (1988)

Note: For the promotion of Hindi language, course books published in Hindi may be prescribed by the

### University Suggestive digital platforms web links

- 1. https://www.labster.com/chemistry-virtual-labs/
- 2. https://www.vlab.co.in/broad-area-chemical-sciences
- 3. http://chemcollective.org/vlabs

This course can be opted as an elective	e by the students of following subjects: Chemistry in 12th Class
Suggested Continuous Evaluation Meth	ods:
Viva voce	(10 marks)
Mock test	(10 marks)
Overall performance	(05marks)
Course prerequisites: To study this co	ourse, a student must have Opted Sem-III, Theory Ppaer-1
Suggested equivalent online courses:	
Further Suggestions:	

### Semester III, Paper-2 (Practical):

Progra	Physical Analysis  mme: Diploma in cal Dynamics and ytical Techniques	Year: Two	Semester: III	
ractical pap			Subject: Chemistry	
	e Code: B020302P	Course Title: Physical An	alysis	
solutions of	various concentration	ful completion of this course stoons, estimation of components ent phase equilibrium experiment	udents should be able to calibrate apparatus ar through volumetric analysis; to perform di s.	nd prepare
	Credits:		Elective	
	Max. Marks: 2	5 +75	Min. Passing Marks:	
		Practical 60	) h	> - C
Unit		Topics		No of Lectures
1	Dilution –0.1 M to Mole Concept and equivalent weight. Percent by weight,	ional weights, pipettes and burett 0.001 M solutions. I Concentration Units :Mole Concentration units: Molarity, F Percent by volume, Parts per the	es. Preparation of standards solutions.  ncept, molecular weight, formula weight, and formality, Normality, Molality, Mole fraction, pusand, Parts per million, Parts per billion, pH,	20
	pon, mm equiva-	ents, Milli moles		
п	Surface Tension		or solution	06
ш	Surface Tension  1. Determination 2. Determination 1. Boiling point and	and Viscosity  of surface tension of pure liquid  of viscosity of liquid pure liquid  I Transition Temperature  int of common organic liquid  of, ethyl methyl ketone, cyclohe  ohol, acetonitrile, benzaldehyde a	or solution or solution  id compounds ANY FIVE ]nbutylalcohol, xanone, acetylacetone, isobutyl methyl ketone, and acetophenone. [Boiling points of the choser hin 180°C]. transition temperature of the given substance by	14

	Schrödinger wave equation (time dependent and time independent) and its importance, physical interpretation of the wave function, postulates of quantum mechanics, particle in a one dimensional box. Schrödinger wave equation for H-atom, separation into three equations (without derivation), quantum numbers and their importance, hydrogen like wave functions, radial wave functions, angular wave functions. Molecular orbital theory, basic ideas – Criteria for forming MO from AO, construction of MO by LCAO – $11_2$ + ion, calculation of energy levels from wave functions, physical picture of bonding and anti-bonding wave functions, concept of $\sigma$ , $\sigma^*$ , $\pi$ , $\pi^*$ orbitals and their characteristics.	
III	Molecular Spectroscopy: Introduction: Electromagnetic radiation, regions of the spectrum, basic features of different spectrometers, statement of the Born-Oppenheimer approximation, degrees of freedom  Rotational Spectrum:Diatomic molecules. Energy levels of a rigid rotor (semi-classical principles), selection rules, spectral intensity, distribution using population distribution (Maxwell Boltzmann distribution) determination of bond length, qualitative description of non-rigid rotor, isotope effect.  Vibrational Spectrum: Infrared spectrum: Energy levels of simple harmonic oscillator, selection rules, pure vibrational spectrum, intensity, determination of force constant and qualitative relation of force constant and bond energies, effect of anharmonic motion and isotope on the spectrum, idea of vibrational frequencies of different functional groups.  Raman spectrum: Concept of polarizability, pure rotational and pure vibrational, Raman spectra of diatomic molecules, selection rules. Electronic Spectrum: Concept of potential energy curves for bonding and antibonding molecular orbitals, qualitative description of selection rules.	10
IV	UV-Visible Spectroscopy:  Origin of spectra, interaction of radiation with matter, fundamental laws of spectroscopy and selection rules. Types of electronic transitions, λmax, chromophores and auxochromes, Bathochromic and Hypsochromic shifts, Intensity of absorption; application of Woodward Rules for calculation of λmax for the conjugated dienes: alicyclic, homoannular and heteroannular; extended conjugated systems distinction between eis and trans isomers (Cis and trans stilbene).	5
v	Infrared Spectroscopy: IR Spectroscopy: Fundamental and non-fundamental molecular vibrations; Hooke's law selection rule, IR absorption positions of various functional groups (C=O, OH, NH, COOH and nitrile), Effect of H-bonding, conjugation, resonance and ring size of cyclic ketones and lactones on IR absorptions; Fingerprint region and its significance; application in functional group analysis and and interpretation of I.R. spectra of simple organic compounds. Identification of the Carbonyl group in Ketones, Aldehydes, Carboxylic acids, Esters and Amides using IR Spectroscopy	5

### Semester IV Paper-1 (Theory)

rogramme: Diploma in Chemical Dynamics and Analytical Techniques	Year: Two	Semester: IV
4		Paper-1 Elective Subject: Chemistry

Course Outcomes:: Upon successful completion of this course students should be able to describe atomic structure, elementary quantum mechanics, wave function and its significance; Schrodinger wave equation and its applications; Molecular orbital theory, basic ideas – Criteria for forming molecular orbital from atomic orbitals, Molecular Spectroscopy, Rotational Spectrum, vibrational Electronic Spectrum: photo chemistry and kinetics of photo chemical reaction. Analytical chemistry plays an enormous role in our society, such as in drug manufacturing, process control in industry, environmental monitoring, medical diagnostics, food production, and forensic surveys. It is also of great importance in different research areas. Analytical chemistry is a science that is directed towards creating new knowledge so that chemical analysis can be improved to respond to increasing or new demands.

- Students will be able to explore new areas of research in both chemistry and allied fields of science and technology.
   Students will be able to function as a member of an interdisciplinary problem solving team.
   Students will be skilled in problem solving, critical thinking and analytical reasoning as applied to scientific problems
- Students will gain an understanding of how to determine the structure of organic molecules using IR and NMR spectroscopic techniques

  TO Cond column chromatography
- To develop basic skills required for purification, solvent extraction, TLC and column chromatography

		Elective	
	Credits: 4	Min. Passing Marks:	
	Max. Marks: 25+75		
		Total No. of Lectures- = 60	No. of
Unit		Topics	Lecture
I	Atomic Structure: Idea of de-Broglie matter waves, Heisenberg uncertainty principle, atomic orbitals, Schrödinger wave equation, significance of $\Psi$ and $\Psi^2$ , quantum numbers, radial and angular wave functions and probability distribution curves, shapes of s, p, d, orbitals. Aufbau and Pauli exclusion principles, Hund's multiplicity rule.		5

Suggestive diet.			
Suggestive digital	platforms	web	linke
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- 1. https://www.coursera.org/courses?query=chemistry&languages=en
- 2. https://www.mooc-list.com/tags/physical-chemistry
- 3. https://www.coursera.org/learn/physical-chemistry
- 4. https://ocw.mit.edu/courses/chemistry/5-61-physical-chemistry-fall-2017/
- 5. http://heecontent.upsdc.gov.in/Home.aspx
- 6. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/104/108/104108078/
- 7. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/104/108/104108124/
- 8. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/104/106/104106122/

This course can be opted as an elective by the students of following subjects: Chemistry in 12th Class

Suggested Continuous Evaluation Methods: Students can be evaluated on the basis of score obtained in a midterm exam, together with the performance of other activities which can include short exams, in-class or on-line tests, home assignments, group discussions or oral presentations, among others . Or

Assessment and presentation of Assignment	(10 marks)	
04 Unit tests (Objective): Max marks of each unit test = 10	(10 marks)	
(average of all 04 unit tests)	(10 marks)	
Overall performance throughout the semester (Discipline,		
participation in different activities)	(05 marks)	

Course prerequisites: To study this course, a student must have had the chemistry in class 12th

Suggested equivalent online courses:	
Further Suggestions	

Further Suggestions:

VI ·	NMR Spectroscopy (PMR)  NMR Spectroscopy: introduction; nuclear spin; NMR active molecules; basic principles of Proton Magnetic Resonance; choice of solvent and internal standard; equivalent and non-equivalent protons; chemical shift and factors influencing it; ring current effect; significance of the terms: up-/downfield, shielded and deshielded protons; spin coupling and coupling constant (1st order spectra); relative intensities of first-order multiplets: Pascal's triangle; chemical and magnetic equivalence in NMR; anisotropic effects in alkene, alkyne, aldehydes and aromatics; NMR peak area, integration; relative peak positions with coupling patterns of common organic compounds; interpretation of NMR spectra of simple compounds. Applications of IR, UV and NMR spectroscopy for identification of simple organic molecules such as Ethanol, Ethyl acetate, acetone, acetaldehyde, dimethylformamide, Cis and trans 1,2-dimethyl cycloprpanone, propene, vinyl chloride, acetophenone, benzaldehyde, phenol, Toluene and ethyl benzene.	10
VII	Introduction to Mass Spectrometry: Principle of mass spectrometry, the mass spectrum, mass spectrometry diagram, molecular ion, metastable ion, fragmentation process, McLafferty rearrangement.	3
VIII	Separation Techniques: Solvent extraction: Classification, principle and efficiency of the technique. Mechanism of extraction: extraction by solvation and chelation. Technique of extraction: batch, continuous and counter current extractions. Qualitative and quantitative aspects of solvent extraction: extraction of metal ions from aqueous solution, extraction of organic species from the aqueous and non-aqueous media.  Chromatography: Classification, principle and efficiency of the technique. Mechanism of separation: adsorption, partition & ion exchange. Development of chromatograms: frontal, elution and displacement methods.	07

- 1. Alberty, R A, Physical Chemistry, 4th editionWiley Eastern Ltd ,2001.
- 2. Atkins, P W, the elements of physical chemistry, Oxford , 1991
- 3. Barrow, G.M, International student Edition . McGraw Hill, McGraw-Hill, 1973.
- 4. Cotton, F.A, Wilkinson, G and Gaus, P. L, Basic Inorganic Chemistry, 3rd Edition, Wiley 1995
- 5. Lee, J.D, Concise Inorganic Chemistry 4th Edition ELBS, 1977
- 6. Clayden, J., Greeves, N., Warren, S., Organic Chemistry, Second edition, Oxford University Press 2012.
- 7. Silverstein, R. M., Bassler, G. C., Morrill, T. C. Spectrometric Identification of Organic Compounds, John Wiley and Sons, INC, Fifth edition.
- 8. Pavia, D. L. et al. Introduction to Spectroscopy, 5th Ed. Cengage Learning India Ed.
- 9. Willard, H.H. et al.: Instrumental Methods of Analysis, 7th Ed. Wardsworth Publishing Company, Belmont, California, USA, 1988.
- 10. Christian, G.D. Analytical Chemistry, 6th Ed. John Wiley & Sons, New York, 2004.
- 11. Harris, D.C.: Exploring Chemical Analysis, 9th Ed. New York, W.H. Freeman, 2016.
- 12. Khopkar, S.M. Basic Concepts of Analytical Chemistry. New Age International Publisher, 2009.
- 13. Mukherji, Singh, Kapoor, Organic Chemistry, Vol 1 and 2. New Age International 2014
- 14. RL Madan, CHEMSITRY FOR DEGREE STUDENTS ELECTIVE SEM V/VI AS PER CBS
- QUANTUM AND SPECTROSCOPY, S Chand Publishing
- 15. Y.R.Sharma, ELEMENTARY ORGANIC SPECTROSCOPY VOL 4, S Chand
- 16. GURDEEP RAJ, ADVANCED PHYSICAL CHEMSITRY, KRISHNA PUBLISHING
- 17. K.L.Kapoor, A Textbook of Physical Chemistry Quantum Chemistry and Molecular Spectroscopy
- | Volume 4, Macmillan 18. TN SRIVASTVA AND PC KAMPOJ, SYSTEMATIC NALYTICAL CHEMISTRY, SHOBAN LAL NAGIN CHAND

	4. Determination of Biological oxygen demand (BOD).	-
111	<ol> <li>Spectroscopy</li> <li>Assignment of labelled peaks in the IR spectrum of the same compound explaining the relative frequencies of the absorptions (C-H, O-H, N-H, C-O, C-N, C-X, C=C, C=O, N=O, C=C, C=N stretching frequencies; characteristic bending vibrations are included. Spectra to be provided).</li> <li>Assignment of labelled peaks in the ¹H NMR spectra of the known organic compounds explaining the relative δ-values and splitting pattern.</li> <li>Identification of simple organic compounds by IR spectroscopy and NMR spectroscopy (Spectra to be provided).</li> </ol>	10
IV	Chromatographic Separations  1. Paper chromatographic separation of following metal ions: i. Ni (II) and Co (II)  ii. Cu(II) and Cd(II)  2. Separation of a mixture of o-and p-nitrophenol or o-and p-aminophenol by thin layer Chromatography (TLC)  3. Separation and identification of the amino acids present in the given mixture by paper chromatography. Reporting the Rf values  4. TLC separation of a mixture of dyes (fluorescein and methylene blue)	20

- 1. Mendham, J., A. I. Vogel's Quantitative Chemical Analysis 6th Ed., Pearson, 2009.
- Willard, H.H. et al.: Instrumental Methods of Analysis, 7th Ed. Wardsworth Publishing Company, Belmont, California, USA, 1988.
- 3. Christian, G.D. Analytical Chemistry, 6th Ed. John Wiley & Sons, New York, 2004.
- 4. Harris, D.C. Exploring Chemical Analysis, 9th Ed. New York, W.H. Freeman, 2016.
- Khopkar, S.M. Basic Concepts of Analytical Chemistry. New Age International Publisher, 2009. 6.
   Skoog, D.A. Holler F.J. and Nieman, T.A. Principles of Instrumental Analysis, Cengage Learning India Edition.
- 7. Mikes, O. & Chalmes, R.A. Laboratory Handbook of Chromatographic & AlliedMethods, Elles Harwood Ltd. London.
- 8. Ditts, R.V. Analytical Chemistry: Methods of separation. Van Nostrand, New York, 1974. Note: For the promotion of Hindi language, course books published in Hindi may be prescribed by the University Suggestive digital platforms web links
  - 1. https://www.labster.com/chemistry-virtual-labs/
  - 2. https://www.vlab.co.in/broad-area-chemical-sciences
  - 3. http://chemcollective.org/vlabs

This course can be opted as an elective by the students of following subjects: Chemistry in 12th Class

Suggested Continuous Evaluation Methods:

Viva voce	(10 marks)	
Mock test	(10 marks)	
Overall performance	(05marks)	

Semester IV, Paper-2 (Practical) Course Title: Instrumental Analysis

Course Title, instrumental Analysis	
Year: Two	Semester: IV
	Subject: Chemistry
Course Title: Instrumental Analysis	276 AV
	Year: Two

Course outcomes: Upon completion of this course, chemistry majors are able to employ critical thinking and scientific inquiry in the performance, design, interpretation and documentation of laboratory experiments, at a level suitable to succeed at an entry-level position in chemical industry or a chemistry graduate program. Students will be able to explore new areas of research in both chemistry and allied fields of science and

technology.

- Students will be able to function as a member of an interdisciplinary problem solving team.
   Students will be skilled in problem solving, critical thinking and analytical reasoning as applied to scientific problems
- Students will gain an understanding of how to determine the structure of organic molecules using IR and NMR spectroscopic techniques
- To develop basic skills required for purification, solvent extraction, TLC and column chromatography

Credits: 2			
	Max. Marks: 25 + 75	Min, Passing Marks:	
	0	Practical 60 h	
Unit	Topics		No of Lectures
I	Molecular Weight Determination  1. Determination of molecular weight of a non-volatile solute by Rast method/ Beckmann freezing point method.  2. Determination of the apparent degree of dissociation of an electrolyte (e.g., NaCl) in aqueous solution at different concentrations by ebullioscopy		10
п	Spectrophotometry  1. To verify Beer – Lambert Law for concentration of the given solut  2. Determination of pKa values of it spectrophotometry. 3. Determination	or KMnO <sub>4</sub> /K <sub>2</sub> Cr <sub>2</sub> O <sub>7</sub> and determining the tion of the substance from absorption measurement andicator using on of chemical oxygen demand	20

Year	Sem.	Course Code	Paper Title	Theory/Practical	Credit
Degr	ee in Ba	chelor of Scien	ce		
3 \	V	B020501T	Organic Synthesis-A	Theory	4
		B020502.T	Rearrangements and Chemistry of Group Elements	Theory	4
		B020503P	Qualitative Analysis	Practical	2
		B020504R	Research Project	Project	3
	VI	B020601T	Organic Synthesis-B	Theory	4
		B020602T	Chemical Energetics and Radiochemistry	Theory	4
		B020603P	Analytical Methods	Practical	2
		B020604R	Research Project	Project	3

. Course prerequisites: To study this course, a student must have	had the chemistry in class
Suggested equivalent online courses:	
Further Suggestions:	

	addition to diene (conjugated dienes and allene); radical addition: HBr addition; mechanism of allylic and benzylic bromination in competition with brominations across C=C; use of NBS; interconversion of E- and Z- alkenes.	Į.
11	Chemistry of Alkynes Methods of formation of alkynes, Addition to C≡C, mechanism, reactivity, regioselectivity and stereoselectivity; reactions: hydrogenation, halogenations, hydrohalogenation, hydration, oxymercuration demercuration, hydroboration-oxidation, dissolving metal reduction of alkynes (Birch); reactions of terminal alkynes by exploring its acidity; inter conversion of terminal and non terminal alkynes.	
IV	Tomately and Chemistry of Arenes	
	Nomenclature of benzene derivatives, MO picture of benzene, Aromaticity: Hückel's rule, aromatic character of arenes, cyclic carbocations/carbanions. Electrophilic aromatic substitution: halogenation, nitration, sulphonation and Friedel-Craft's alkylation/acylation with their Mechanism. Directing effects of the groups. Birch reduction, Methods of formation and chemical reactions of alkylbenzenes, alkynylbenzenes and biphenyl, naphthalene and anthracene.	10
V	Chemistry of Alcohols  Classification and nomenclature, Monohydric alcohols – nomenclature, methods of formation by reduction of Aldehydes, Ketones, Carboxylic acids and Esters, Hydrogen bonding, Acidic nature, Reactions of alcohols. Dihydric alcohols nomenclature, methods of formation, chemical reactions of vicinal glycols, oxidative cleavage [Pb(OAc)4 and HIO4] and pinacol pinacolone rearrangement. Trihydric alcohols - nomenclature, methods of formation, chemical reactions of glycerol.	8
VI	Chemistry of Phenols: Nomenclature, structure and bonding, preparation of phenols, physical properties and acidic character, Comparative acidic strengths of alcohols and phenols, resonance stabilization of phenoxide ion. Reactions of phenols – electrophilic aromatic substitution, acylation and carboxylation. Mechanisms of Fries rearrangement, Claisen rearrangement, Gatterman synthesis, Hauben Hoesch reaction, Lederer-Manasse reaction and Reimer-Tiemann reaction	06
VII	Chemistry of Ethers and Epoxides: Nomenclature of ethers and methods of their formation, physical properties, Chemical reactions – cleavage and autoxidation, Ziesel's method. Synthesis of epoxides, Acid and base-catalyzed ring opening of epoxides, orientation of epoxide ring opening, reactions of Grignard and organolithium reagents with epoxides.	05
VIII	Chemistry of Organic Halides	05
	Nomenclature and classes of alkyl halides, methods of formation, chemical reactions, Mechanisms of nucleophilic substitution reactions of alkyl halides, SN <sup>2</sup> and SN <sup>1</sup> reactions with energy profile	

er in

of

Semester V, Paper-1 (Theory)
Course Title: Organic Synthesis A

Programme: Degree in Bachelor of Science	Year: Three	Semester: V
Paper-2 Theory		Compulsory Subject: Chemistry
Course Code: B020501T	Course Title: (	Organic Synthesis A

Course outcomes: Hydrocarbons are the principal constituents of petroleum and natural gas. They serve as fuels and lubricants as well as raw materials for the production of plastics, fibers, rubbers, solvents and industrial chemicals. This course will provide a broad foundation in for the synthesis of hydrocarbons. Hydroxy and carbonyl compounds are industrially important compounds The industries of plastics, fibers, petroleum and rubbers will specially recognize this course. Students will gain an understanding of which are used as solvents and raw material for synthesis of drug and other pharmaceutically important compounds.

- · Synthesis and chemical properties of aliphatic and aromatic hydrocarbons
- · Synthesis and chemical properties of alcohols, halides carbonyl compounds, carboxylic acids and esters
- · How to design and synthesize aliphatic and aromatic hydrocarbons.
- · How to convert aliphatic and aromatic hydrocarbons to other industrially important compounds
- · Functional group interconversion.

	Credits: 4	Elective
	Max. Marks: 25+75	Min. Passing Marks:
	Total No. of	Lectures- = 60
Unit	Topics	No. of Lecture

Unit	Topics	No. of Lecture s
I	Chemistry of Alkanes and Cycloalkanes  A) Alkanes: Classification of carbon atom in alkanes, General methods of preparation, physical and chemical properties of alkanes: Wurtz Reaction, Wurtz-Fittig Reactions, Free radical substitutions Halogenation -relative reactivity and selectivity  B) Cycloalkanes: Nomenclature, methods of formation, chemical reactions, Baeyer's strain theory and its limitations. Chair, Boat and Twist boat forms of cyclohexane with energy diagrams ring strain in small rings, theory of strain less rings. The case of cyclopropane ring, banana bonds.	
П	Chemistry of Alkenes  Methods of formation of alkenes, Addition to C=C: mechanism (with evidence wherever applicable), reactivity, regioselectivity (Markownikoff and anti-Markownikoff additions) and stereoselectivity; reactions: hydrogenation, halogenation, hydrohalogenation, hydrohalogenation, oxymercuration demercuration, hydroboration-oxidation, epoxidation, syn and anti-hydroxylation, ozonolysis, addition of singlet and triplet carbenes; Simmons-Smith cyclopropanation reaction; electrophilic	

Semester-V Paper-2

of Science	Degree in Bachelor	Year: Three	Semester: V	
		P	aper-2 Theory Elective Subject: Chemis	try
Con	urse Code: B020502T	Course Title: Rearran	gements and Chemistry of Group Elen	nents
function provide - It rel also p	nal groups inter conversion. es jobs in production & QC de lates and gives an analytical a provides a detailed knowled e. Their position in periodic	Organic synthesis is the me epartments related to chemical ptitude for synthesizing various lige on the elements present to table, their physical and or	ynthesis of various class of organic composts important branch of organic chemisals, drugs, medicines, FMCG etc. industrictus industrially important compounds. • To the in our surroundings, their occurrence chemical properties as well as their extend of block elements and their characters.	stry whi es. This paper in traction.
	Credits: 4		Elective	
	Max. Marks: 25+75		Min. Passing Marks:	
		Total No. of Lectures	-= 60	
Unit		Topics		No. of Lectur
Unit		lowing rearrangements: Pinac	ol-pinacolone, Demjanov, idt, Baeyer-Villiger and Fries	Lectur
	A detailed study of the followers. BenzilBensilic acid, Favor rearrangement  Catalysis General principles and examples) and heterogeneral principles.	lowing rearrangements: Pinaceskii, Hofman, Curtius, Schmitter, Hofman, Curtius, Schmitter, Hofman, Curtius, Schmitter, Hoffman, Curtius, Schmitter, Hoffman, Curtalysts, Hoffman, Catalysts, Hoffman, Catalysts, Hoffman, Catalysts, Hoffman, Catalysts, Hoffman, Catalysts, Hoffman, Catalysts, Hoffman, Curtalysts, Hoffman, Curta		Lectur s 6

diagrams; Polyhalogen compounds : Chloroform, carbon tetrachloride; Methods of formation of aryl halides, nuclear and side chain reactions; The addition-elimination and the eliminationaddition mechanisms of nucleophilic aromatic substitution reactions; Relative reactivities of alkyl halides vs allyl, vinyl and aryl halides, Synthesis and uses of DDT and BHC.

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Morrison, R. N. & Boyd, R. N. Organic Chemistry, Dorling Kindersley (India) Pvt. Ltd. (Pearson Education). 2. Sykes, P. A guidebook to Mechanism in Organic Chemistry, Pearson Education, 2003.
- 3. Carey, F. A., Guiliano, R. M. Organic Chemistry, Eighth edition, McGraw Hill Education, 2012. 4. Loudon, G. M. Organic Chemistry, Fourth edition, Oxford University Press, 2008.
- 5. Clayden, J., Greeves, N. & Warren, S. Organic Chemistry, 2nd edition, Oxford University Press,
- 2012. 6. Graham Solomons, T.W., Fryhle, C. B. Organic Chemistry, John Wiley & Sons, Inc.
- 7. Smith, J. G. Organic Chemistry, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Limited.
- 8. March, J. Advanced Organic Chemistry, Fourth edition, Wiley. \
- 9. Bariyar and Goyal, Organic Chemistry-II, Krishna Prakashan Media, Meerut, Third Edition, 2019
- 10. Mukherji, Singh, Kapoor, Organic Chemistry, volume 1,2 and 3, 2014, New Age International.
- 11. Geeta Rani, General Organic Chemistry, Manakin press
- 12. Arun Bahl & B S Bahl, Advanced Organic Chemistry, S. Chand Publishing
- 13. TN SRIVASTVA AND PC KAMPOJ, SYSTEMATIC NALYTICAL CHEMISTRY, SHOBAN LAL NAGIN CHAND

Note: For the promotion of Hindi language, course books published in Hindi may be prescribed by the University Suggested online links:

http://heecontent.upsdc.gov.in/Home.aspx

https://www2.chemistry.msu.edu/faculty/reusch/VirfTxtJml/intro1.htm

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/104/103/104103071/#

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/104/106/104106096/

This course is compulsory for the students of following subjects: Chemistry in 12th Class

Suggested Continuous Evaluation Methods: Students can be evaluated on the basis of score obtained in a mid-term exam, together with the performance of other activities which can include short exams, in-class or on-line tests, home assignments, group discussions or oral presentations, among others.

Or

Assessment and presentation of Assignment	(10 marks)
O4 Unit tests (Objective): Max marks of each unit test = 10 (average of all 04 unit tests)	(10 marks)
Overall performance throughout the semester (Discipline, participation in different activities)	(05 marks)
Course prerequisites: To study this course, a student mus	t have Passed Sem-I, Theory paper
Page 11.7 Strategy	
Suggested equivalent online courses:	······

- 7. Smith, J. G. Organic Chemistry, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Limited.
- 8. March, J. Advanced Organic Chemistry, Fourth edition, Wiley.
- 9. Lee, J.D. Concise Inorganic Chemistry, Pearson Education 2010
- Huheey, J.E., Keiter, E.A., Keiter, R. L., Medhi, O.K. Inorganic Chemistry, Principles of Structure and Reactivity, Pearson Education 2006
- 11. Douglas, B.E. and Mc Daniel, D.H., Concepts & Models of Inorganic Chemistry, Oxford, 1970
- 12. Shriver, D.D. & P. Atkins, Inorganic Chemistry 2nd Ed., Oxford University Press, 1994.
- 13. Day, M.C. and Selbin, J. Theoretical Inorganic Chemistry, ACS Publications 1962.
- 14. Francis, P. G. Mathematics for Chemists, Springer, 1984
- 15. Prakash Satya, Tuli G.D., Basu S.K. Madan R.D., Advanced inorganic Chemistry, S. Chand publishing.
- 16. Bariyar and Goyal, Inorganic Chemistry-II, Krishna Prakashan Media, Meerut, Third Eddition, 2019
- 17. PURI, SHARMA KALIA, Principles of Inorganic Chemistry, Shoban Lal Nagin Chand & Co.
- 18. R.D.Madan, Principles of Inorganic Chemistry, S CHAND PUBLISHERS
- 19. TN SRIVASTVA AND PC KAMPOJ, SYSTEMATIC NALYTICAL CHEMISTRY, SHOBAN
- LAL NAGIN CHAND

Note: For the promotion of Hindi language, course books published in Hindi may be prescribed by the University

#### Suggested online links:

http://heecontent.upsdc.gov.in/Home.aspx

https://www2.chemistry.msu.edu/faculty/reusch/VirtTxtJml/intro1.htm

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/104/103/104103071/#

https://swayam.gov.in/

This course can be opted as an elective by the students of following subjects: Chemistry in 12th Class

#### Suggested Continuous Evaluation Methods:

Students can be evaluated on the basis of score obtained in a mid-term exam, together with the performance of other activities which can include short exams, in-class or on-line tests, home assignments, group discussions or oral presentations, among others.

Or

Assessment and presentation of Assignment	(10 marks)
04 Unit tests (Objective): Max marks of each unit test = 10 (average of all 04 unit tests)	(10 marks)
Overall performance throughout the semester (Discipline, participation in different activities)	(05 marks)

Course prerequisites: To study this course, a student must have Passed Sem-I, Theory paper

Suggested equivalent online courses.	
Further Suggestions:	

	s-Block Elements: Comparative study, diagonal relationship, salient features of hydrides,	
	solvation and complexation tendencies including their function in biosystems, an introduction to alkyls and aryls.	
	p-Block Elements: Comparative study (including diagonal relationship) of groups 13-17 elements, compounds like hydrides, oxides, oxyacids and halides of group 13-16, hydrides of boron-diborane and higher boranes, borazine, borohydrides, fullerenes, carbides, fluorocarbons, silicates (structural principle), tetrasulphur tetra nitride, basic properties of halogens, interhalogens and polyhalides.	
	Chemistry of Noble Gasses: Chemical properties of the noble gases, chemistry of xenon, structure and bonding in xenon compounds.	
IV	Chemistry of Transition Elements  Chemistry of Elements of First Transition Series -Characteristic properties of d-block elements. Binary compounds (hydrides, carbides and oxides) of the elements of the first transition series and complexes with respect to relative stability of their oxidation states,	06
	coordination number and geometry.  Chemistry of Elements of Second and Third Transition Series- General characteristics, comparative treatment of Zr/Hf, Nb/Ta, Mo/W in respect of ionic radii, oxidation states, magnetic behavior, spectral properties and stereochemistry.	
v	Chemistry of Lanthanides  Electronic structure, oxidation states and ionic radii and lanthanide contraction, complex formation, occurrence and isolation, ceric ammonium sulphate and its analytical uses.	4
VI	Chemistry of Actinides  Electronic configuration, oxidation states and magnetic properties, chemistry of separation of Np, Pu and Am from U.	4
VII	Metal Carbonyls  Metal carbonyls: 18-electron rule, preparation, structure and nature of bonding in the mononuclear and dinuclea carbonyls.	6
VIII	Bioinorganic Chemistry  Essential and trace elements in biological processes, metalloporphyrins with special reference to heamoglobin and myoglobin. Biological role of alkali and alkaline earth metal ions with special reference to Ca <sup>2+</sup> . Nitrogen fixation.	6
1. Mo Educa 3. Car 2012. 5. Clar 2012.	d Readings:  rrison, R. N. & Boyd, R. N. Organic Chemistry, Dorling Kindersley (India) Pvt. Ltd. (Pearson tion). 2. Sykes, P. A guidebook to Mechanism in Organic Chemistry, Pearson Education, 2003. ey, F. A., Guiliano, R. M. Organic Chemistry, Eighth edition, McGraw Hill Education, 4. Loudon, G. M. Organic Chemistry, Fourth edition, Oxford University Press, 2008. eyden, J., Greeves, N. &Warren, S. Organic Chemistry, 2nd edition, Oxford University Press, 2008. eyden, J., Greeves, N. &Warren, S. Organic Chemistry, 2nd edition, Oxford University Press, 2008. eyden, J., Greeves, N. &Warren, S. Organic Chemistry, John Wiley & Sons, Inc. 2016 exherji and Singh, Reaction Mechanism in Organic Chemistry, Laxmi Publications, 2016	

Hindi language, course books published in Hindi management of the Suggestive digital platforms web links  4. https://www.labster.com/chemistry-virtual-lass.https://www.vlab.co.in/broad-area-chemical-lash.http://chemcollective.org/vlabs	Analysis, Pearson, 2009. hnaford, A.J. & Smith, P.W.G., Textbook of l, 5th edition, 1996. hnic Chemistry Orient-Longman, 1960. 5. Harris, York, W.H. Freeman, 2016. 6. Khopkar, S.M. Basic ternational Publisher, 2009. Note: For the promotion of ay be prescribed by the University  http://sciences
	tudents of following subjects: Chemistry in 12th Class
Suggested Continuous Evaluation Methods:	
Viva voce	(10 marks)
Mock test	(10 marks)
Overall performance	(05marks)
Course prerequisites: To study this course, a stu	udent must have Opted Sem-V Theory Ppaer-1 &2
Suggested equivalent online courses:	
Further Suggestions:	

### Semester V, Paper-3 (Practical)

Course Title: Qualitative Analysis

Programme: Degree in Bachelor of Science	Year: Three	Semester: V
	Pro	actical paper-3 Subject: Chemistry
Course Code: B020503P	Course Title: Qualitative Anal	ysis

#### Course outcomes:

Upon completion of this course the students will have the knowledge and skills to: understand the laboratory methods and tests related to inorganic mixtures and organic compounds.

- · Identification of acidic and basic radicals in inorganic mixtures
- · Separation of organic compounds from mixture
- · Elemental analysis in organic compounds
- · Identification of functional group in organic compounds
- · Identification of organic compound

Credits: 2	Elective
Max. Marks: 25+75	Min. Passing Marks:

#### Practical 60 h

Unit	Topics	No of lectures
I	Inorganic Qualitative Analysis Semi micro Analysis – cation analysis, separation and identification of ions from Groups I, II, III, IV, V and VI, Anion analysis. Mixture containing 6 radicals-2 +4 or 4+ or 3+3	16
П	Elemental analysis and identification of functional groups Detection of extra elements (N, S and halogens) and functional groups (phenolic, carboxylic, carbonyl, esters, carbohydrates, amines, amides, nitro and anilide) in simple organic compounds.	14
ш	Separation of Organic Mixture Analysis of an organic mixture containing two solid components using water, NaHCO3NaOH for separation and preparation of suitable derivatives	10
IV	Identification of organic compounds Identification of an organic compound through the functional group analysis, determination of melting point and preparation of suitable derivatives. Identification of the organic compounds by IR and PMR Spectroscopy.(Photocopies of the spectra to be provided to the students)	20

Organometallic Compounds-Organomagnesium compounds: the Grignard reformation, structure and chemical reactions. Organozine compounds: formation and chemical reactions. Organolithium compounds: formation and chemical reactions.		, 4
III		
IV	Carboxylic acids and their Functional Derivatives  Nomenclature and classification of aliphatic and aromatic carboxylic acids. Preparation and reactions. Acidity (effect of substituents on acidity) and salt formation, Reactions: Mechanism of reduction, substitution in alkyl or aryl group. Preparation and properties of dicarboxylic acids such as oxalic, malonic, succinic, glutaric, adipic and phthalic acids and unsaturated carboxylic acids such as acrylic, crotonic and cinnamic acids, Reactions: Action of heat on hydroxy and amino acids, and saturated dicarboxylic acids, stereospecific addition to maleic and fumaric acids. Preparation and reactions of acid chlorides, acid anhydrides, amides and esters, acid and alkaline hydrolysis of esters, trans-esterification.	8
V	Organic Synthesis via Enolates  Acidity of α-hydrogens, alkylation of diethyl malonate and ethyl acetoacetate, Synthesis of ethyl acetoacetate: the Claisen condensation, Keto-enol tautomerism of ethyl acetoacetate. Alkylation of 1, 3-dithianes, Alkylation and acylation of enamines.	5
VI	Organic Compounds of Nitrogen- Preparation of nitroalkanes and nitroarenes, Chemical reactions of nitroalkanes. Mechanisms of nucleophilic substitution in nitroarenes and their reductions in acidic, neutral and alkaline media, Picric acid. Halonitroarenes: reactivity, Structure and nomenclature of amines, physical properties, Stereochemistry of amines, Separation of a mixture of primary, secondary and tertiary amines. Structural features effecting basicity of amines. Amine salts as phase-transfer catalysts, Preparation of alkyl and aryl amines (reduction of nitro compounds, nitrities), reductive amination of aldehydic and ketonic compounds, Gabriel phthalimide reaction, Hofmann bromamide reaction. Reactions of amines, electrophilic aromatic	10

Semester-VI Paper-1

4	Co	urse Title: Organic Syr	ithesis B	
	rogramme: Degree in Bachelor Year: Three Semester: VI  f Science			
		Pape	r-1 Theory Compulsory Subject: Chem	istry
С	ourse Code:B020601T	Course T	itle: Organic Synthesis B	
function provide study biolog development of the company of the co	onal groups inter conversion. Or des jobs in production & QC depote of natural products and heterocy	ganic synthesis is the most in artments related to chemicals clic compounds offers an exc ases. Historically, natural pro- for a number of diseases incl itude for synthesizing various es of alkaloids, & terpenes etc	s industrially important c and their chemistry and	nich es. The
	Credits: 4		Elective	
	Max. Marks: 25+75		Min. Passing Marks:	
		Total No. of Lectures- =	= 60	
Unit		Topics		No. of Lectur
I	reagent and ruthenium tetrac	ving reagents in organic trans	Oxidation, PCC, PDC, PFC, Collin's	6

Or	
Assessment and presentation of Assignment	(10 marks)
04 Unit tests (Objective): Max marks of each unit test = 10 (average of all 04 unit tests)	(10 marks)
Overall performance throughout the semester ( Discipline, participation in different activities)	(05 marks)
Course prerequisites: To study this course, a student must	have Passed Sem-V Theory paper-1
Suggested equivalent online courses:	
Further Suggestions:	

Semester-VI Paper-2

Course Title: Chemical Energetics and Radio Chemistry

Programme: Degree in Bachelor of Science	Year: Three	Semester: VI
Paper-2 Theory	I	Elective Subject: Chemistry
Course Code: B020602T	Course Title: Chemical Energetics and Radio Chemistry	

Course outcomes: Upon successful completion of this course students should be able to describe laws of thermodynamics and its applications, phase equilibria of one and two component system, electro chemistry, ionic equilibrium applications of conductivity and potentiometric measurements

N-X	
Credits: 4	Elective
Max. Marks: 25+75	Min. Passing Marks:
Professional Professional State Control Contro	

#### Total No. of Lectures- = 60

Unit	Topics	No. of Lectures
Ĭ	Thermodynamics-1:  First Law of Thermodynamics: Statement, definition of internal energy and enthalpy. Heat capacity, heat capacities at constant volume and pressure and their relationship. Joule's law – Joule Thomson coefficient and inversion temperature. Calculation of w, q, dU & dH for the expansion of ideal gases under isothermal and adiabatic conditions for reversible process. Thermochemistry:  Standard state, standard enthalpy of formation – Hess's law of heat summation and its applications. Heat of reaction at constant pressure and at constant volume. Enthalpy of neutralization. Bond dissociation energy and its calculation from thermo-chemical data, temperature dependence of	8
	enthalpy. Kirchhoff's equation.	46

	substituton in aryl amines, reactions of amines with nitrous acid. Synthetic transformations of aryl diazonium salts, azo coupling	
VII	Heterocyclic Chemistry  Molecular orbital picture and aromatic characteristics of pyrrole, furan, thiophene and pyridine, Methods of synthesis and chemical reactions with particular emphasis on the mechanism of electrophilic substitution, Mechanism of nucleophilic substitution reaction in pyridine derivatives, Comparison of basicity of pyridine, piperidine and pyrrole. Introduction to condensed five and six membered heterocycles, Preparation and reactions of indole, quinoline and isoquinoline with special reference to Fisher indole synthesis, Skraup synthesis and Bischler-Nepieralski synthesis, Mechanism of electrophile substitution reactions of indole, quinoline and isoquinoline	10
VIII	Natural Products  Alkaloids & Terpenes: Natural occurrence, General structural features, their physiological action, Hoffmann's exhaustive methylation, Emde's modification;.  Medicinal importance of Nicotine, Hygrine, Quinine, Morphine, Cocaine, and Reserpine.  Natural Occurrence and classification of terpenes, isoprene rule.	7

17. Morrison, R. N. & Boyd, R. N. Organic Chemistry, Dorling Kindersley (India) Pvt. Ltd. (Pearson Education).

18. Sykes, P. A guidebook to Mechanism in Organic Chemistry, Pearson Education, 2003.

19. Carey, F. A., Guiliano, R. M. Organic Chemistry, Eighth edition, McGraw Hill Education, 2012.

Loudon, G. M. Organic Chemistry, Fourth edition, Oxford University Press, 2008.

21. Clayden, J., Greeves, N. &Warren, S. Organic Chemistry, 2nd edition, Oxford University Press, 2012.

22. Graham Solomons, T.W., Fryhle, C. B. Organic Chemistry, John Wiley & Sons, Inc.

23. Smith, J. G. Organic Chemistry, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Limited.

24. March, J. Advanced Organic Chemistry, Fourth edition, Wiley.

- 25. Acheson, R.M. Introduction to the Chemistry of Heterocyclic compounds, John Welly& Sons (1976).
- 26. Finar, I. L. Organic Chemistry (Volume 1), Dorling Kindersley (India) Pvt. Ltd. (Pearson Education).
- 27. Finar, I. L. Organic Chemistry (Volume 2: Stereochemistry and the Chemistry of Natural

28. Products), Dorling Kindersley (India) Pvt. Ltd. (Pearson Education).

29. Singh, J.; Ali, S.M. & Singh, J. Natural Product Chemistry, Pragati Prakashan (2010).

30. Organic Chemistry III, Krishna Prakashan Media, Meerut, Third Edition, 2019

- 31. Mukherji and Singh, Reaction Mechanism in Organic Chemistry, Laxmi Publications, 2016
- 32. Mukherji, Singh, Kapoor, Organic Chemistry, Vol 1,2, and 3, New Age International 2014

33. Arun Bahl & B S Bahl, Advanced Organic Chemistry, S. Chand Publishing

34. TN SRIVASTVA AND PC KAMPOJ, SYSTEMATIC NALYTICAL CHEMISTRY, SHOBAN LAL NAGIN CHAND

**Note:** For the promotion of Hindi language, course books published in Hindi may be prescribed by the University Suggested online links:

http://heecontent.upsdc.gov.in/Home.aspx

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/104/103/104103111/

https://www2.chemistry.msu.edu/faculty/reusch/VirtTxtJml/intro1.htm

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/104/103/104103071/#

https://swayam.gov.in/

This course compulsory for the students of following subjects: Chemistry in 12th Class

#### Suggested Continuous Evaluation Methods:

Students can be evaluated on the basis of score obtained in a mid-term exam, together with the performance of other activities which can include short exams, in-class or on-line tests, home assignments, group discussions or oral presentations, among others.

VI	Colligative Properties-Ideal and non-ideal solutions, methods of expressing concentrations of solutions, activity and activity coefficient. Dilute solution, colligative properties, Raoult's law, relative lowering of vapour pressure, molecular weight determination, Osmosis, law of osmotic pressure and its measurement, determination of molecular weight from osmotic pressure, Elevation of boiling point and depression of freezing, Thermodynamic derivation of relation between molecular weight and elevation in boiling point and depression in freezing point. Experimental methods for determining various colligative properties. Abnormal molar mass, Van't Hoff factor, Colligative properties of degree of dissociation and association of solutes.	6
VII	Surface Chemistry  Adsorption: Physical and chemical adsorption; Freundlich and Langmuir adsorption isotherms; multilayer adsorption and BET isotherm (no derivation required); Gibbs adsorption isotherm and surface excess; Heterogenous catalysis (single reactant);  Colloids:Lyophobic and lyophilic sols, Origin of charge and stability of lyophobic colloids,Coagulation and Schultz-Hardy rule, Zeta potential and Stern double layer (qualitative idea), Tyndall effect; Electrokinetic phenomena (qualitative idea only); Stability of colloids and zeta potential; Micelle formation	07
VIII	Radiochemistry  Natural and induced radioactivity; radioactive decay-a-decay, b-decay, g-decay; neutrom emission, positrom emission, electron capture; unit of radioactivity (Curie); half life period; Geiger-Nuttal rule, radioactive displacement law, radioactive series. Measurement of radioactivity: ionization chamber, Geiger counters, scintillation counters. Applications: energy tapping, dating of objects, neutron activation analysis, isotopic labelling studies, nuclear medicine-99mTc radiopharmaceuticals	07

- 1. Foye, W.O., Lemke, T.L. & William, D.A.: Principles of Medicinal Chemistry, 4th ed., B..I. Waverly Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi.
- 2. Peter Atkins & Julio De Paula, Physical Chemistry 9th Ed., Oxford University Press (2010).
- 3. Metz, C. R. Physical Chemistry 2nd Ed., Tata McGraw-Hill (2009).
- 4. Atkins, P. W. & Paula, J. de Atkin's Physical Chemistry Ed., Oxford University Press 13 (2006).
- 5. Ball, D. W. Physical Chemistry Thomson Press, India (2007).
- Castellan, G. W. Physical Chemistry 4th Edn. Narosa (2004).
- Allen Bard ,J Larry . Faulkner R ,Fundamentals of Electrochemical methods –fundamentals and applications ,new York John ,Wiley & sons , 2001
- 8. H. J. Arnikar, Essentials of Nuclear Chemistry, 4th ed., New Age International, New Delhi, 1995.
- 9. Bariyar, and Goyal, Physical Chemistry-II, Krishna Prakashan Media, Meerut, Third Edition, 2019
- 10. TN SRIVASTVA AND PC KAMPOJ, SYSTEMATIC NALYTICAL CHEMISTRY, SHOBAN LAL NAGIN CHAND
- 11. KL KAPOOR, THERMODYNAMICS AND CHEMICAL EQUILIBRIUM VOL-2, Macmillan
- 12.Bahl and Bahl, Essential of physical chemsitry, S CHAND

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http://heecontent.upsdc.gov.in/Home.aspx

https://swayam.gov.in/

https://www.coursera.org/learn/physical-chemistry

https://www.mooc-list.com/tags/physical-chemistry

https://www.openlearning.com/courses/introduction-to-physical-chemistry/

u.	Thermodynamics II Second Law of Thermodynamics, Need for the law, different statements of the law, Carnot cycle and its efficiency. Carnot theorem. Thermodynamic scale of temperature.  Concept of Entropy, Entropy as a state function, entropy as a function of V & T, entropy as a function of P & T, entropy change in physical change, Clausius inequality, entropy as a criteria of spontaneity and equilibrium. Entropy change in ideal gases and mixing of gases. Gibbs and Helmholtz Functions Gibbs function (G) and Helmhotz function (A) as thermodynamic quantities. A & G as criteria for thermodynamic equilibrium and spontaneity, their advantage over entropy change, Variation of G and A with P, V and T.  Third Law of Thermodynamics; Nernst heat theorem, statement and concept of residual entropy.  Nernst distribution law – Thermodynamic derivation, applications.	10
Ш	Electrochemistry: Electrical transport:- Conduction in metals and in electrolyte solutions, specific conductance molar and equivalent conductance, measurement of equivalent conductance, variation of molar, equivalent and specific conductances with dilution. Migration of ions and Kohlrausch law, Arrhenius theory of electrolyte dissociation and its limitations. Weak and strong electrolytes. Ostwald's dilution law, its uses and limitations. Debye-Huckel-Onsager equation for strong electrolytes (elementary treatment only). Transport number, definition and determination by Hittorf method and moving boundary method.	8
IV	Ionic Equilibrium: Electrode reactions, Nernst equation, derivation of cell EMF and single electrode potential, standard hydrogen electrode-reference electrodes and their applications, standard electrode potential, sign conventions, Electrolytic and Galvanic cells–Reversible and irreversible cells, conventional representation of electrochemical cells. EMF of a cell and its measurement. Definition of pH and pKa, determination of pH using hydrogen, quinhydrone and glass electrodes by potentiometric methods. Buffers – Mechanism of buffer action, Henderson-Hazel equation, application of buffer solution. Hydrolysis of salts	10
v	Photo Chemistry: Interaction of radiation with matter, difference between thermal and photochemical processes. Laws of photochemistry: Grothus- Drapper law, Stark-Einstein law, Jablonski diagram depicting various processes occurring in the excited state, qualitative description of fluorescence, phosphorescence, non-radiative processes (internal conversion, intersystem crossing), quantum yield, photosensitized reactions — energy transfer processes (simple examples), kinetics of photochemical reaction.	04

### Semester VI, Paper-3 (Practical) Course Title: Analytical Methods

Programme: Degree in Bachelor of Science		Year: Three	Semester: VI	
			Practical paper-3 Subject: Chemistry	,
Course	Course Code: B020603P Course Title: Analytical Methods			
obtained t	hrough gravimetric m	ethod; determination of $R_f$ valu	se students should be able to quantify ses and identification of organic compou form thermo chemical reactions	
	Credits: 2		Elective	
	Max. Marks: 2	25+75	Min. Passing Marks:	
			Practical 60 h	
Unit		Topics		No of Lectures
I		Cu as CuSCN, Ni as Ni (dimethylglyoxime)		30
П	compounds: Separacid Leucine and	Circular. Determination of $Rf$ ation of a mixture of phenylal glutamic acid. Spray reagent –	values and identification of organic mine and glycine. Alanine and aspartic minhydrin. Separation of a mixture of utanol:acetic acid: water (4:1:5). Spray	

This course can be opted as an elective by the students of fe	ollowing subjects: Chemistry in 12th Class
Suggested Continuous Evaluation Methods: Students can be evaluated on the basis of score obtained is performance of other activities which can include short e group discussions or oral presentations, among others.  Or	n a mid-term exam, together with the xams, in-class or on-line tests, home assignments,
Assessment and presentation of Assignment	(10 marks)
04 Unit tests (Objective): Max marks of each unit test = 10 (average of all 04 unit tests)	(10 marks)
Overall performance throughout the semester ( Discipline, participation in different activities)	(05 marks)
Course prerequisites: To study this course, a student must 12 <sup>th</sup>	have had the chemistry in class 12th, Physics in
Suggested equivalent online courses:	
Further Suggestions:	